

11 Giugno 2023
Il Domenica dopo Pentecoste

Celebrazione Capitolare ore 11.00

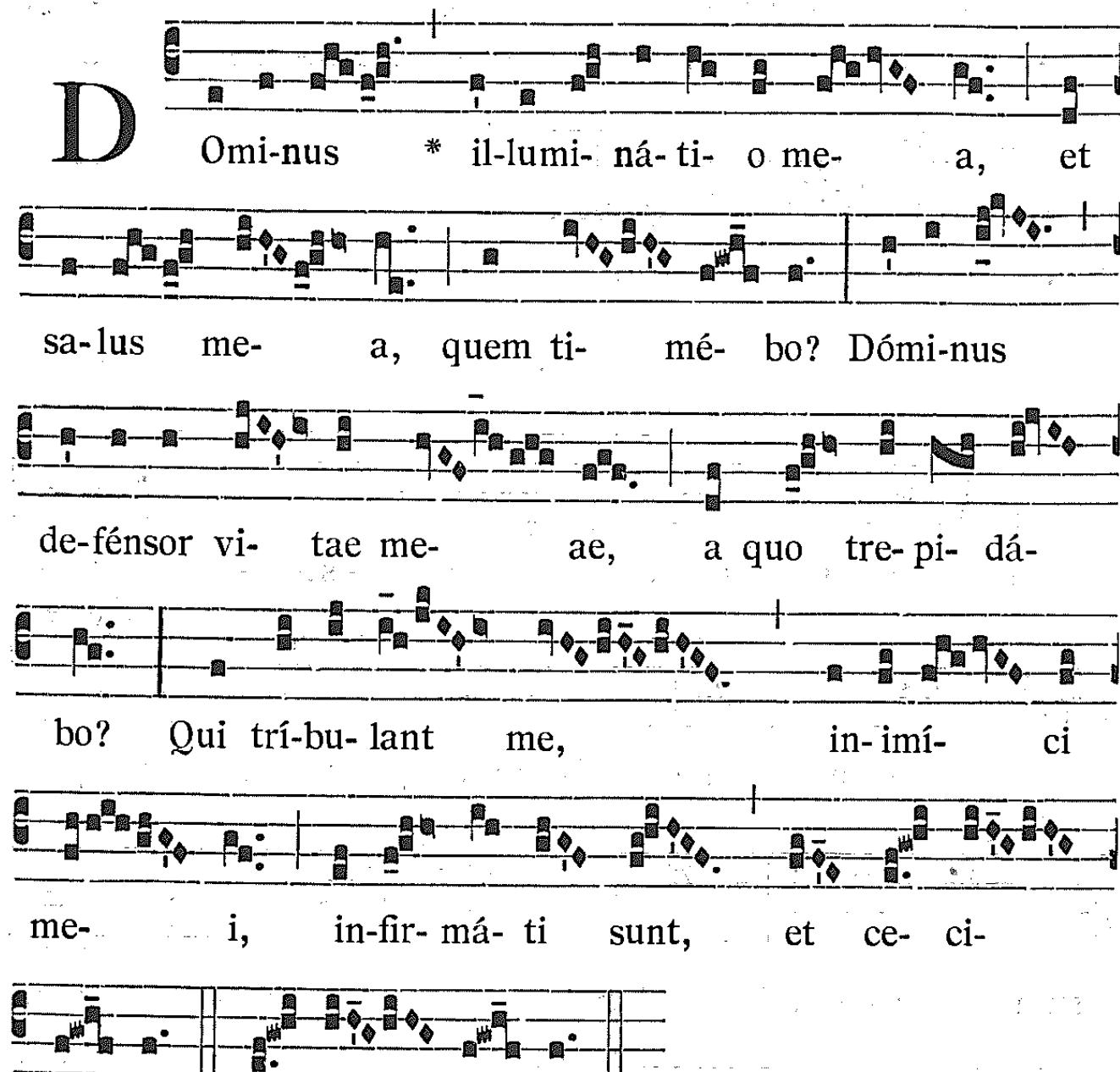
1. **Ingressa:** *Dominus illuminatio mea*
2. **Atto Penitenziale:** *Asperges me Domine*
3. **Gloria**
4. **Salmo:** *Benedici il Signore, anima mia!* (M: Massimo Palombella [2023])
5. **Alleluia** (M: Cattedrale di Chartres; Armonizzazione ed Elaborazione di Massimo Palombella [2022]) con versetto «*Estore ergo vos perfecti*» (M: Massimo Palombella [2023])
6. **Post Evangelium:** *Deus in loco sancto suo*
7. **Offertorio:** *Exaltabo te* (M: Alessandro Scarlatti; Manoscritto I-Baf 443, 2v-4r)
8. **Credo**
9. **Sanctus**
10. **Confractorium:** *Pater, cum essem cum eis*
11. **Transitorium:** *Stant angeli ad latus altaris*
12. *Ave, verum corpus* (Gregoriano; polifonia di Massimo Palombella [2018])
13. **Antifona Mariana:** *Inviolata*
14. **Organo:** *Trumpet tune in F major* (DAVID JOHNSON [1922-1987])

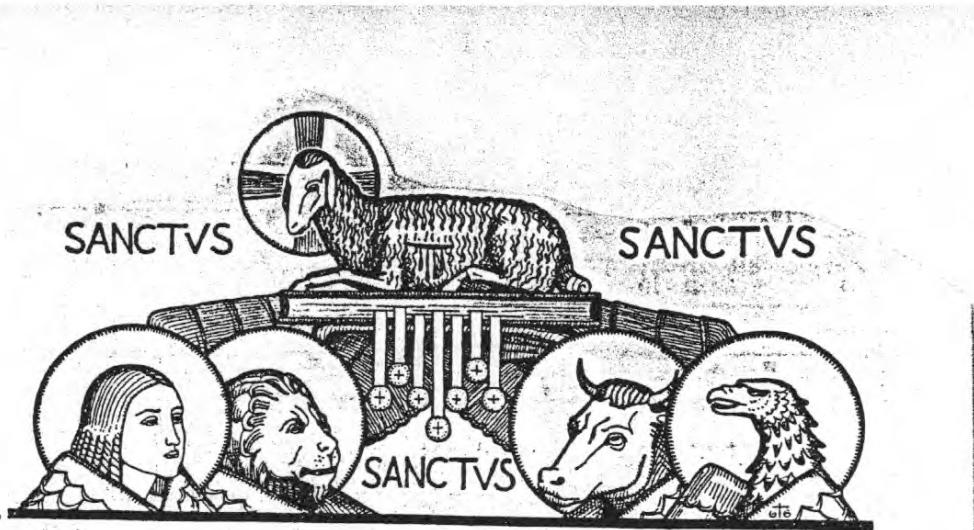
Cappella Musicale del Duomo di Milano

Organista: Alessandro La Ciacera

Maestro Direttore: Massimo Palombella

D Omi-nus * il-lumi- ná- ti- o me- a, et
sa-lus me- a, quem ti- mé- bo? Dómi-nus
de-fénsor vi- tae me- ae, a quo tre- pi- dá-
bo? Qui trí-bu- lant me, in- imí- ci-
me- i, in-fir- má- ti sunt, et ce- ci-
dé- runt. Hal- le- lú- jah.





ORDINARIUM MISSAE.

I. — In Dominicis ante Horam Tertiam


—SPERGES me * Dómi-ne, hyssó-
po et mundá-bor : lavá- bis me,
et super ni-vem de-albá-bor. Ps. Mi-se-ré-re me- i, De- us, *
se-cúndum magnam mi-se-ri-córdi- am tu- am.

- Et secundum multitudinem miserationum tuarum + dele iniquitatem meam.
- Glória Patri et Fílio + et Spíritui Sancto.
- Sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper, + et in saécula saeculorum. Amen.

Asperges me.....

II. — Gloria seu Laus Missae.

plo a lá- te-re dextro, halle- lú-jah; et omnes
ad quos pervé-nit a-qua i- sta salvi facti
sunt, et di-cunt : halle- lú- jah. Intónu- it
de cae- lo Dó- mi-nus; Al-tíssi- mus de- dit vo- cem
su- am, et appa-ru- é- runt fontes a-quá- rum,
hal-le-lú-jah, hal-le- lú- jah.

II. — Gloria seu Laus Missae.

1. — Tonus Festivus.

G Ló-ri- a in excél-sis De- o. Et in terra pax ho-
mí-ni-bus bonae vo-luntá- tis. Laudámus te. Be-ne-dí-cimus

te. Ado-rámuſ te. Glo-ri- fi-cámuſ te. Grá-ti- as á-gimus
 ti-bi propter magnam gló-ri- am tu- am. Dó-
 mi-ne De- us, Rex cae-léſtiſ, De- us Pa-ter omní-pot-ens.
 Dómi-ne Fi- li u-ni-gé-ni-te, Je-su Christe. Dó-
 mi-ne De- us, Agnus De- i, Fí- li- us Pa-tris. Qui tol-lis pec-
 cá-ta mundi, mi-se-ré-re no- bis. Qui tol-lis pec-
 cá-ta mundi, súſci-pe depre-ca-ti- ónem nostram.
 Qui se-des ad déxte-ram Patris, mi-se-ré-re no- bis. Quóni- am
 tu so-lus sanctus. Tu so-lus Dómi-nus. Tu so-lus Altíſſimus,
 Je-su Christe. Cum Sancto Spí-ri- tu, in gló-



ri- a De- i Patris. ** Amen. Ký-ri- e e-lé-

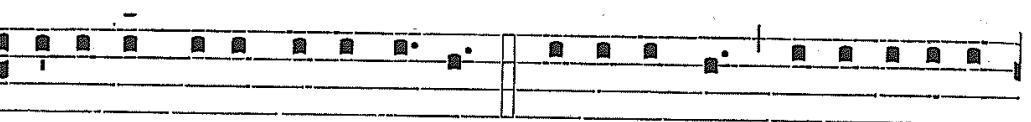


i-son. Ký-ri- e e- lé- i-son. Ký-ri- e e- lé- i-son.

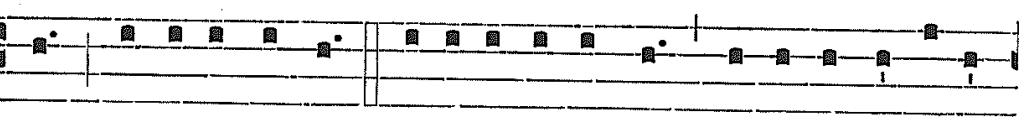
2. — Tonus Simplex.



G Ló-ri- a in excélsis De- o. Et in terra pax ho-



mí-ni-bus bonae vo-luntá- tis. Laudámus te. Be-ne-dí-cimus



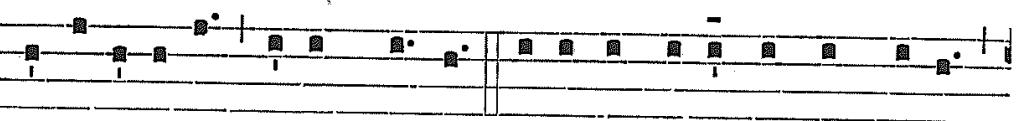
te. Ad-o-rámus te. Glo-ri- fi-cámus te. Grá- ti- ás á-gimus



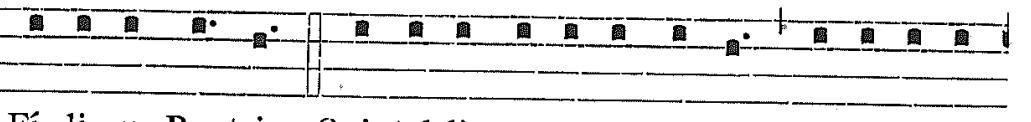
ti- bi propter magnam gló- ri- am tu- am. Dómi-ne De- us,



Rex caeléstis, De- us Pa-ter omní-pot-ens. Dómi-ne Fi- li



u-ni-gé-ni-te Je-su Chri-ste. Dómi-ne De- us Agnus De- i,



Fí- li- us Pa- tris. Qui tol-lis peccá-ta mundi, mi-se-ré-re

BENEDICI IL SIGNORE, ANIMA MIA!

Salmo della II domenica dopo Pentecoste (anno A)

Massimo Palombella

25 aprile 2023

Assemblea

Be - ne - ci - ci il Si - gno - re, a - ni - ma mi - a.

Organo

1. Sei stato grande, Si - - - gnore, mio Dio!
 2. Egli fondò la terra suelle basi: non po - - trà vacil lare.
 3. Tu mandi nelle valli acque sor give

2

1. Sei rivestito di maestà e di sple - dore, avvolto di luce come di un mano,
 2. tu l'hai coperta con l'oceano come una veste; al di sopra dei monti stavano le acque.
 3. perché scorrono tra i monti.

3

1. tu che distendi i cieli come una tenda,
 2. Hai fissato loro un confine da non oltre pas sare, per - - -
 3. Tu fai crescere l'erba per il be stiame e le

4

1. costruisci sulle acque le tue al te di more.
 2. ché non tornino a copri re la terra.
 3. piante che l'uomo coltiva per trarre cibo dal la terra.

D

E-us * in lo-co sancto su-o : De-us, qui

inha-bi-tá-re fa-cit un-á-nimes in do-mo :

ipse da-bit vir-tú-tem et forti-tú-di-nem

ple-bi-su-ae.

A handwritten musical score consisting of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and a common time signature. It contains six measures of music, with the first measure being a rest. The second measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The third measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60 adagio". The fourth measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The fifth measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The sixth measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The bottom staff uses a bass F-clef and a common time signature. It contains six measures of music. The first measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The second measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The third measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The fourth measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The fifth measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The sixth measure has a tempo marking of "minime 60". The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes having vertical dashes through them.

A handwritten musical score for two voices, likely for organ or harpsichord, consisting of four staves. The music is written in common time with various note heads (circles, squares, triangles) and rests. The vocal parts are labeled with Latin text below the staves.

The vocal parts are labeled as follows:

- Top voice: "relectus", "in misericordia"
- Bottom voice: "super me", "Domine clamans", "super misericordia mea", "in dilectione mea"

The score includes several fermatas and a repeat sign with endings. The handwriting is in blue ink on aged paper.

III. — Symbolum.

611

The musical notation consists of four staves of square neumes on a four-line staff system. The first three staves are identical, corresponding to the Latin text: "Pa-tris, mi-se-ré-re no-bis. Quó-ni-am tu so-lus Sanctus.", "Tu so-lus Dó-minus. Tu so-lus Altíssimus, Je-su Chri-ste.", and "Cum Sancto Spí-ri-tu, in gló-ri-a De-i Pa-tris.". The fourth staff begins with "A-men." followed by three repetitions of "Ký-ri-e e-lé-i-son".

Pa-tris, mi-se-ré-re no-bis. Quó-ni-am tu so-lus Sanctus.

Tu so-lus Dó-minus. Tu so-lus Altíssimus, Je-su Chri-ste.

Cum Sancto Spí-ri-tu, in gló-ri-a De-i Pa-tris.

** A-men. Ký-ri-e e-lé-i-son. Ký-ri-e e-lé-i-son. Ký-

ri-e e-lé-i-son.

III. — Symbolum.

The musical notation consists of five staves of square neumes on a four-line staff system. It begins with a large capital letter "C" and the text "Re-do in unum De-um. Patrem omni-po-téntem, fa-ctórem cae-li et terrae, vi-si-bí-li-um ómni-um et invi-si-bí-li-um. Et in unum Dóminum, Je-sum Christum, Fí-li-um De-i u-nigé-ni-tum; et ex Patre na-tum ante".

ómni- a sé-cu-la. De- um de De- o, lumen de lúmi- ne,
 De- um ve-rum de De- o ve-ro. Géni- tum, non factum, consub-
 stanti- á- lem Patri; per quem ómni- a facta sunt. Qui pro-
 pter nos hómi- nes et propter nostram sa-lú-tem descéndit de
 cae-lis. Et incarnátus est de Spí-ri-tu Sancto, ex Ma-rí- a
 Vírgi-ne et homo factus est. Crú-ci- fíxus é-ti- am pro no-
 bis sub Pónti- o Pi- lá-to, passus et sepúltus est. Et re-sur-
 ré-xit térti- a di- e secúndum Scriptú- ras. Et ascéndit
 ad caelos : sedet ad déxte-ram Patris. Et í-te-rum ventú-

rus est cum gló-ri- a ju-di-cá-re vi-vos et mórtu- os; cu-jus
 regni non é-rit fi- nis. Et in Spí-ri-tum Sanctum, Dómi-num
 et vi-vi- fi-cántem; Qui ex Patre Fi-li- óque pro-cé-dit. Qui
 cum Patre et Fí- li- o simul ado-rá-tur et conglo-ri- fi-cá-
 tur. Qui locú- tus est per Prophé- tas. Et unam, Sanctam,
 Cathó- li- cam, et Apostó- li- cam Ecclé-si- am. Confí- te- or unum
 baptísma in remissi- ónem pecca-tó- rum. Et expécto re-sur-
 recti- ónem mortu- órum. ** Et vi-tam ventú-ri sé- cu- li.

A- men.

S

Anctus, * Sanctus, Sanctus, Dómi-nus De-us Sá-

ba- oth. Ple-ni sunt cae-li et ter-ra glô-ri- a tu- a. Ho-

sánna in excél-sis. Be-ne-dictus qui ve-nit in nômi-ne

Dómi-ni. Ho-sánna in excél- sis.

CONFRAC.

P

A- ter, * cum essem cum e- is, ego ser-

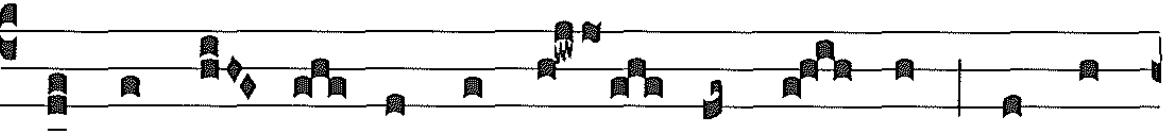
vábam e- os, quos de-dísti mi- hi. Halle- lú- jah :

nunc autem ad te vé- ni- o. Non ro- go, ut tollas e- os

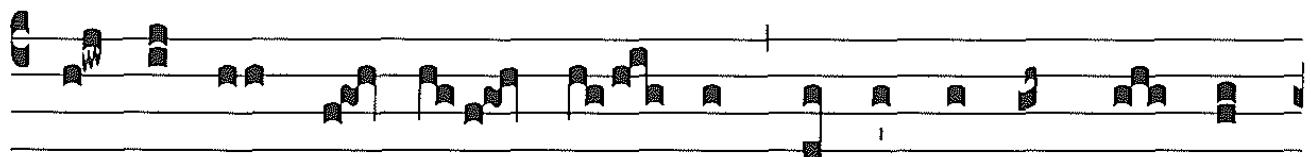
de mundo, sed ut serves e- os a ma-lo. Halle-

lú- jah, halle- lú- jah.

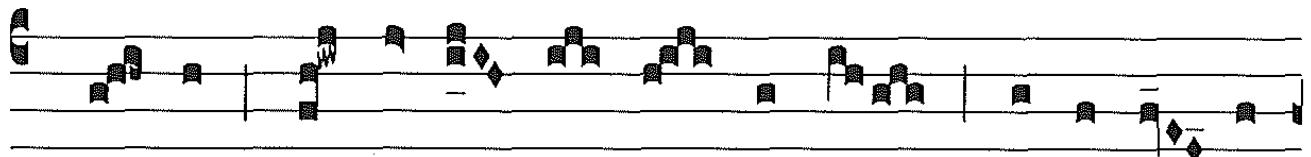
S



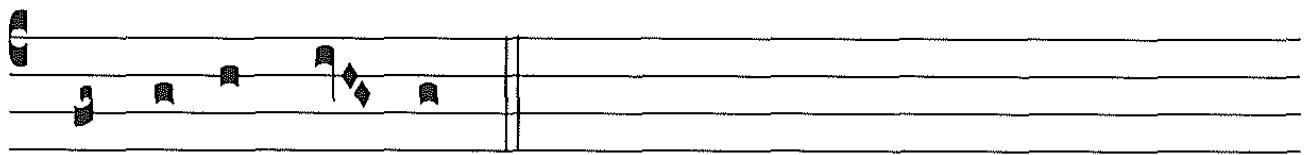
tant án-ge- li ad la- tus al- tá- ris, et sanc-



tí- fi- cant sa- cer- dó- tes corpus et sanguí- nem



Chris- ti, psal- lén-tes et di- cén-tes: Gló- ri- a in



ex-cél-sis De- o.

AVE, VERUM CORPUS

La schola e l'assembla:

Schola

VI

A- ve, ve-rum * Corpus, na- tum de Ma- ri- a
ASS.

Virgi-ne: ve- re passum, immo- la-tum in cru-ce

pro homi-ne. Cu-ius la-tus perfo-ra- tum flu-xit

aqua et sangui-ne; esto no-bis præ-gusta- tum
Schola ASS.

mortis in ex-am-i-ne. O Ie-su dul- cis! O

Ie-su pi- e! O Ie- su, fi- li Ma- ri- æ!

Ave, o vero corpo, nato da Maria Vergine,
che veramente patì e fu immolato sulla croce per l'uomo.

Dal cui fianco squarciato sgorgarono acqua e sangue;
fa' che noi possiamo gustarti nella prova suprema della morte.
O Gesù dolce, o Gesù pio, o Gesù figlio di Maria.

I
n- vi- o- lá- ta, ín-tegra et ca-sta es, Marí- a, * quæ es
ef-fé-cta fúl-gi-da cæ-li porta, o Mater al-ma Christi ca-
rís-si-ma, * sú-scipe pi-a laudum præ- có-ni-a. Nostra ut
pu-ra pécto-ra sint et córpo-ra, * te nunc flá- gitant de-vó-
ta corda et o- ra. Tu-a per precá-ta dulcís- si-ma
* nobis concédas vé-niam per sá- cu-la. O be- ní- gna!
* O Re- gí- na! o Ma- rí- a! * Quæ so-la in- vi- o-
lá- ta perman- sí- sti.